



VT-Intrinsic: Physics-based Decomposition of Reflectance and Shading from a Single Visible-Thermal Image Pair

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Task & Motivation

Goal: Decomposing Scene Appearance into Lighting and Material Reflectance

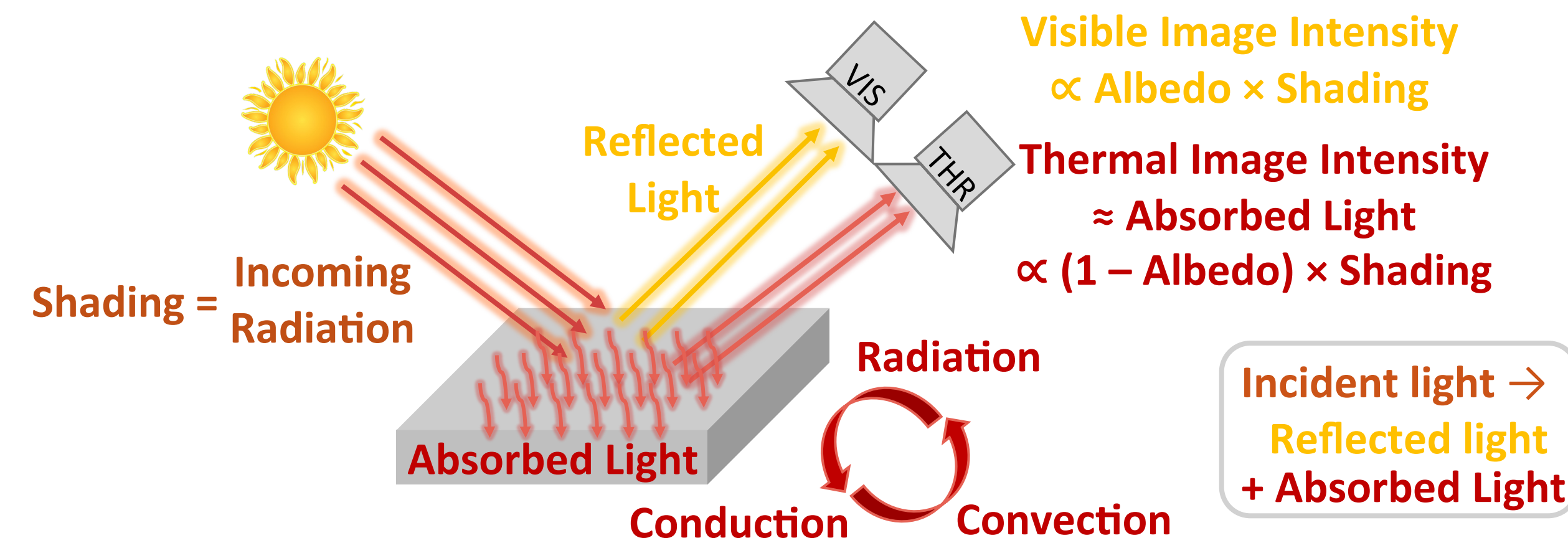
Input image: $I_v = \rho \cdot \eta \rightarrow$ albedo (ρ) and shading (η)



Issue: the lack of real-world radiometric ground truth



Theory: Energy Conservation in Light and Heat Transport



Light & Heat Transport $\Rightarrow$ Albedo / Shading Ordinalities

$$\begin{cases} I_v = g \cdot \rho \cdot \eta, & \text{Visible image} \\ S = (1 - \rho) \cdot \eta, & \text{Absorbed heat} \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} I_v(x_i) > I_v(x_j), S(x_i) > S(x_j) \Rightarrow \eta(x_i) > \eta(x_j) \\ I_v(x_i) > I_v(x_j), S(x_i) < S(x_j) \Rightarrow \rho(x_i) > \rho(x_j) \end{cases}$$

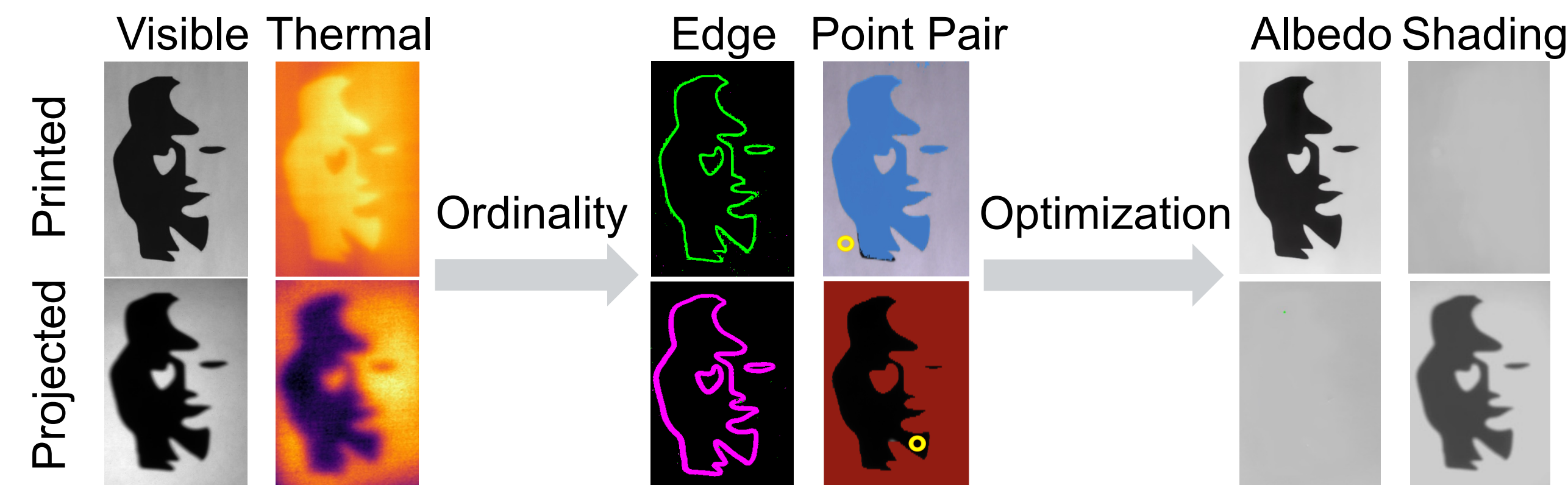
$$H \frac{\partial T}{\partial t} = \underbrace{S}_{\text{Convection}} + \underbrace{hc(T_a - T)}_{\text{Radiation}} + \underbrace{4\epsilon\sigma T_s^3(T_s - T)}_{\text{Conduction}} + \underbrace{\kappa \Delta T}_{\text{Heat transport}}$$

$$I_t = \underbrace{\epsilon U(T)}_{\text{Emission}} + \underbrace{(1 - \epsilon)U(T_s)}_{\text{Reflection}}, \quad \text{Thermal image formation}$$

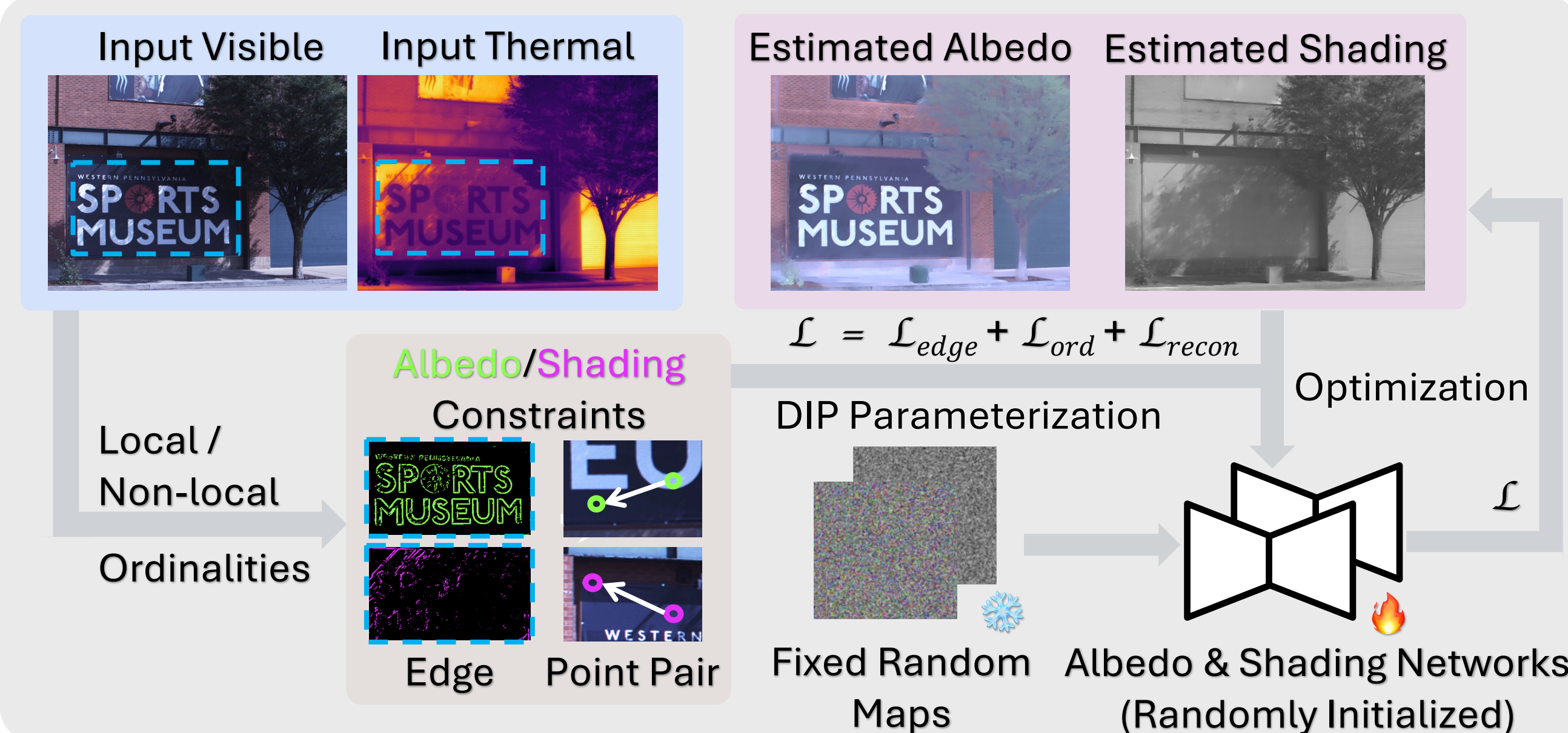
$\Rightarrow S = c_1 I_t + c_2 \Delta I_t + c_3$, where c_1, c_2, c_3 are locally constant and $I_t \gg \Delta I_t$.

Hence, **ordinalities preserve when substituting S with I_t** .

Method: Visible/Thermal $\rightarrow$ Albedo/Shading Ordinalities

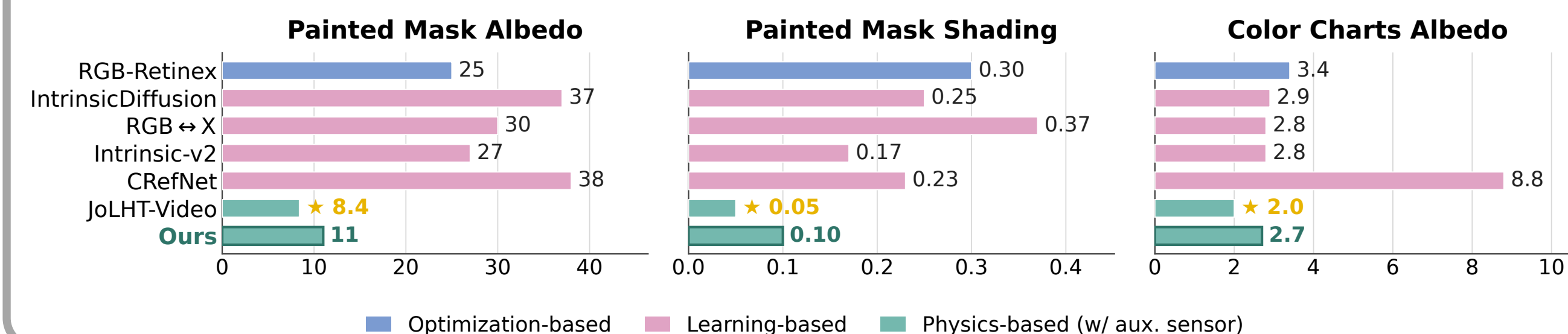


Brighter ☀ & Hotter 🔥 $\rightarrow$ Receives more 🔦
Brighter ☀ & Cooler ❄ $\rightarrow$ Reflects more 🌐



Quantitative Results

Evaluation on JoLHT-Video Dataset (si-MSE $\times 10^{-2}$)



Qualitative Results

